

Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loans:

What Contractors Need to Know

Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan - What is it?

The Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loans are a direct incentive loan program created under Sec. 1102 of the CARES (Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security) Act with \$350 billion in loans.

The purpose of the Act is to keep American workers paid and employed. The loan amount can be up to 2.5 times average monthly payroll (up to \$10 million).

The **FCA of Illinois** recommends our contractors take a serious look at this program and take advantage of this even if your company is still working, but at a reduced level.

This loan can be used for:

- Payroll costs and benefits in most cases if you utilize 75% or more of the loan amount on wages and benefits, the loan will most likely be forgiven.
- Mortgage interest (for debt incurred before Feb. 15, 2020)
- Rent (for leases in effect prior to Feb. 15, 2020)
- Utilities (for service in place prior to Feb. 15, 2020)

Are you eligible?

- Employers are eligible if they employ less than 500 employees
- Sole proprietors, independent contractors, self-employed persons, and certain taxexempt entities
- In operation on February 15, 2020
- "Current economic uncertainty makes this loan request necessary to support the ongoing operation of the Applicant"
- "Credit Elsewhere" requirement waived

What are the Loan Terms?

The Paycheck Protection Program loan term is 2 years and is the same for all applicants. Payments can be deferred for 6 months, but interest will accrue. The interest rate is 1% and all borrower and lender fees are waived. Collateral and personal guarantee requirements are waived as well as no prepayment fees will be charged. A portion of the loan is eligible for forgiveness.

What is the Maximum Amount of the Loan?

- 2.5 times average monthly payroll costs (capped at \$10 million)
 - Salaries and wages (\$100,000 cap. per employee), vacation and sick leave, benefit contributions, state and local taxes assessed on employee compensation.
- Non-qualifying expenses not to be calculated in payroll costs:
 - Compensation of annual salaries Greater than \$100,000
 - Payroll taxes, railroad retirement taxes, income taxes
 - Any compensation for employees outside the U.S.
 - Qualified sick or family leave wages under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) tax credit

Loan Forgiveness & Other Benefits

Borrowers are eligible for forgiveness on the amount spent during 8-week period after loan origination for: (8-week forgiveness period starts once funds are deposited)

- Payroll costs
- Interest payment on any mortgage incurred prior to February 15, 2020
- Rent on any lease in force prior to February 15, 2020
- Any utility (electric, gas, water, phone, internet) for which service began before February 15, 2020)
- If more than 25% of loan proceeds are used for non-payroll costs, they may not be forgiven
- Forgiveness amount cannot exceed principal

Loan Forgiveness Calculations

Loan amount eligible for forgiveness reduced if:

- Borrower's full-time employee headcount during covered period is lower than it was from: (1) Feb. 15 June 30, 2019; or (2) Jan. 1 Feb. 29, 2020 (borrower may choose the more favorable calculation)
- Salaries and wages of Borrower's employees decrease by more than 25% for any employee(s) who made less than \$100,000 annualized for 2019.
 - Borrower has until June 30, 2020 to restore full-time headcount and salary levels which were reduced between February 15 and April 26, 2020.
- You will have to apply for the loan forgiveness.

PPP Loan Application Process

- 1. Locate an SBA (Small Business Association) 7(a)
 Lender (preexisting relationship with lender preferred)
- 2. Calculate Maximum Loan Amount
- 3. Complete & Submit Application

1. Locate a SBA Lender

- Find a bank that is approved to make SBA 7(a) loans
- Preexisting relationship with lender preferred or, in some cases, required
- Lenders limiting availability of applications
- Some of the banks providing loans are Chase, BMO Harris, and Northern Trust Bank.

2. Calculate Maximum Loan Amount

- Maximum loan amount = 2.5 months of regular payroll expenses
- To calculate the average monthly payroll, you must:
 - 1. Choose a "look back" period Standard "look back" period is the 1-year period before the date of the application
 - 2. Calculate payroll expenses based on "look back" period
- The average monthly payroll expense can be calculated by adding the wages, benefit costs, and employer payroll tax burden for all employees.
- The calculation includes:
 - Salary and wages (capped at \$100,000 per employee)
 - Severance payments

- Payment for vacation, sick or personal leave, health insurance benefits, retirement benefits (call Fund Office for help)
- Payment of state and local taxes assessed on the compensation of employees

3. Complete & Submit Application

- **Borrower Application Form:** https://www.sba.gov/sites/default/files/2020-04/PPP%20Borrower%20Application%20Form.pdf
- Copies of driver's license for any owners over 25% ownership
- Payroll expense documents from 2019 to include:
 - PPP Loan Calculation Template
 - Reports detailing costs associated with employer portion of paid group healthcare benefits, retirement contributions and state and local payroll tax. (Reports can include: 2019 Quarterly 941 reports; W3; Annual Payroll Register; Healthcare summary of employer paid costs)
- 2019 tax return (if not available, 2018 tax return and company/CPA prepared profit and loss for 2019)
- Statement and list of current corporate officers and title
- Feb. 2020 bank deposit account statement showing payroll payment activity
- Articles of Incorporation/Organization of each Borrower/Owner
- Bylaws/Operating Agreement of each entity

For more information, please contact Mark Palmer at mark@fcaofillinois.org or by calling his mobile at 847-436-8654.